

Afternoon RoPACS meeting

Sep 8/2010, Lisbon

Latest report of WTS release
1.0 and final results on the
improvements of Difference
Imaging analysis

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Outline

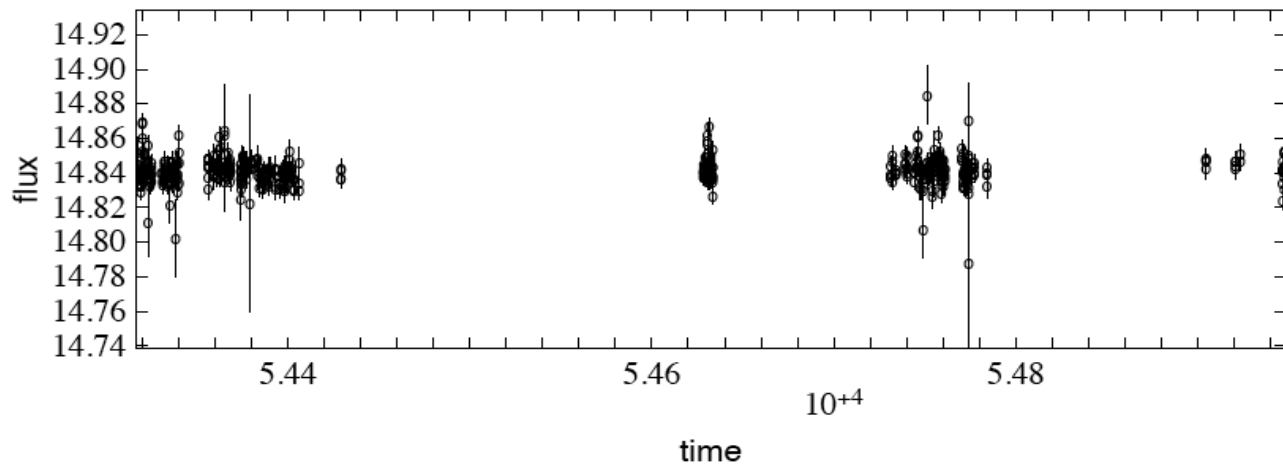
- Reminder:
 - WTS release 1.0 candidates
 - WTS release 1.0 Munich-Candidates
 - Latest report WTS release 1.0
- Improvements on Difference Imaging analysis
 - First results
 - Latest improvements
- Conclusions
- Ongoing work

WTS Release 1.0 Light curves

Reminder:

Detection & Selection Characteristics:

- 19hrs field (~500 data points)
- Occfit- Transit detection algorithm (Box Least Square)
 - Periods 0.2-6 days
 - J magnitude in the range < 17.0



Candidates from WTS release 1.0

- 151 candidates(J_mag~10.9-16.8)

Classification	# Candidates	J mag
P1	1	14.9
P2	10	13.49-16.25
B1	3	15.55-16.23
B2	101	10.94-16.88
W	29	11.63-16.80
V	5	11.92-14.75
S	2	15.35 & 15.53

P-Planets

B-Binary system

V-Variable, no yet understood

W-Watch list

S-Spot

Munich Candidates

- 55 Candidates & EBs, J mag[12.21-17.71]
- Period 0.5-5 days
- Depth < 0.15

Classification	#Candidates	Previously
P1	1	1
P2	9	6
P2-3	4	2
P3	13	6
P3-B	3	1
B	25	9

P1-First priority

P2&3-Lower priority

P2-3 & P3-B-No clear classification

B-EBs

Summary

- 55 candidates & EBs
- 25 candidates were detected previously
- We found 30 new planets, but now I know why:

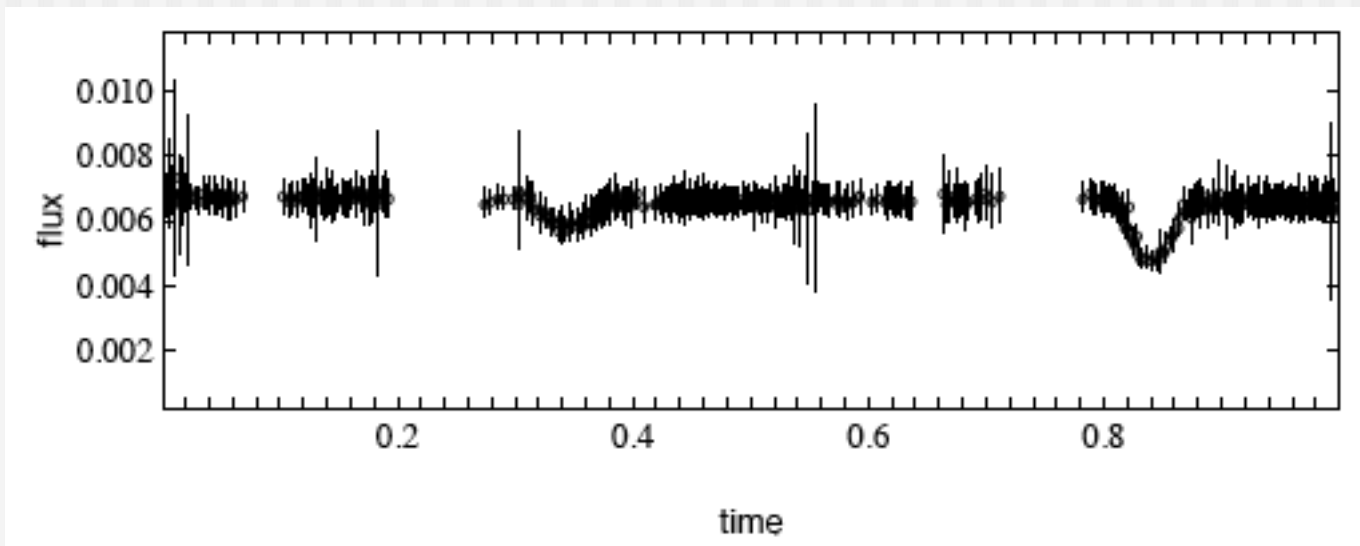
#Candidates	Explanation
1	Sred noise
15	In field 19.60*
9	Too faint (J_mag > 17)
3	Morph Class 1
1	Period > 6 days
1	My fault

--> The selection algorithm is fine

Light curves extraction by Difference Imaging

Difference imaging analysis during the last RoPACS meeting....

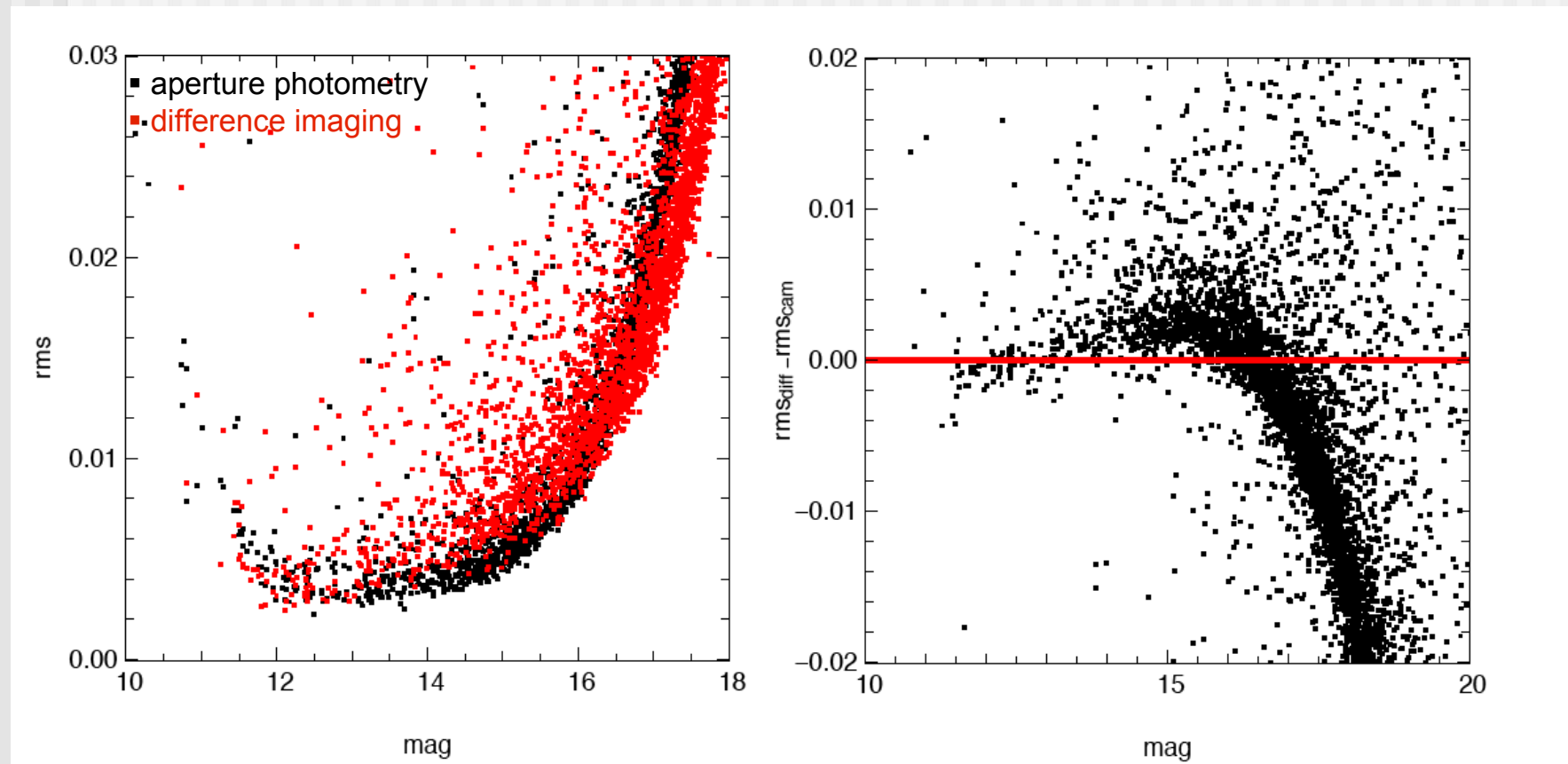
- 1 Paw-print from 19 hrs field
- ~60 000 light curves were extracted
- Difference imaging produces better quality light curves only for faint stars ($J_mag > 16$)
- Aperture photometry gives excellent results for stars with $J_mag < 16$



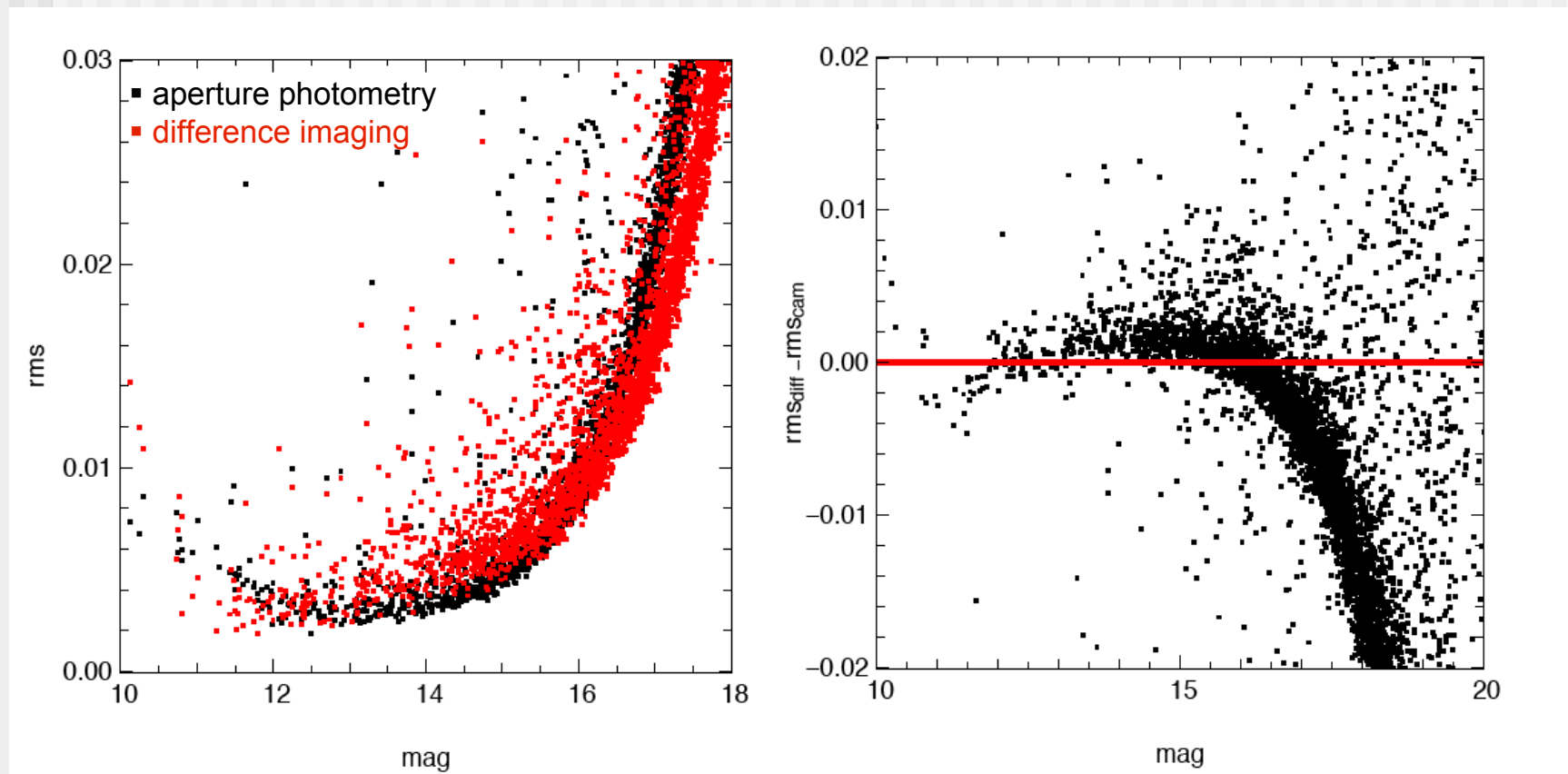
Improvements

- We remove systematic effects(system)
 - We Clip data points with $\sigma > 3$
 - We planed further tests:
 - (a) parameterize global kernel
 - (b) box-fitting analysis on the difference imaging light curves
- Carried out two additional tests:
- (c) Mask for bright stars.
 - (d) Background corrections

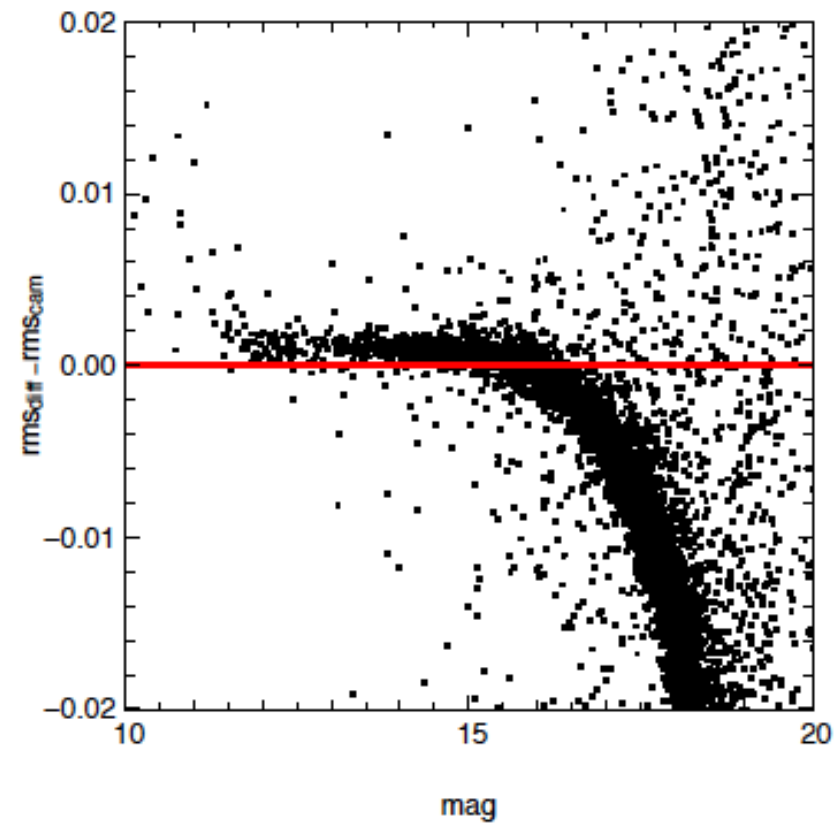
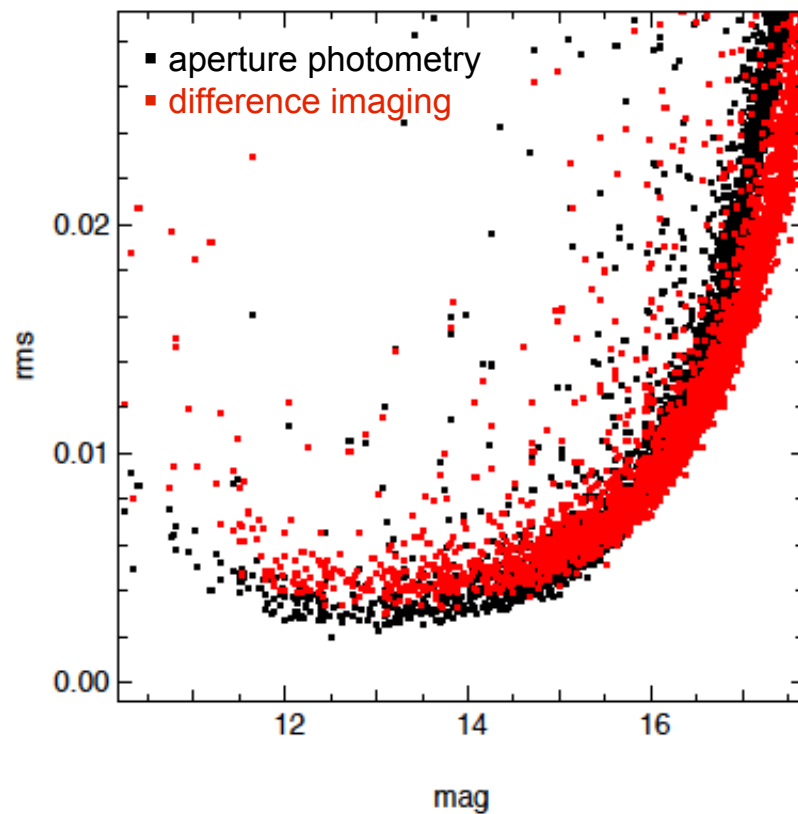
$\text{RMS}_{\text{Diff}} - \text{RMS}_{\text{Phot}}$ vs. Magnitude



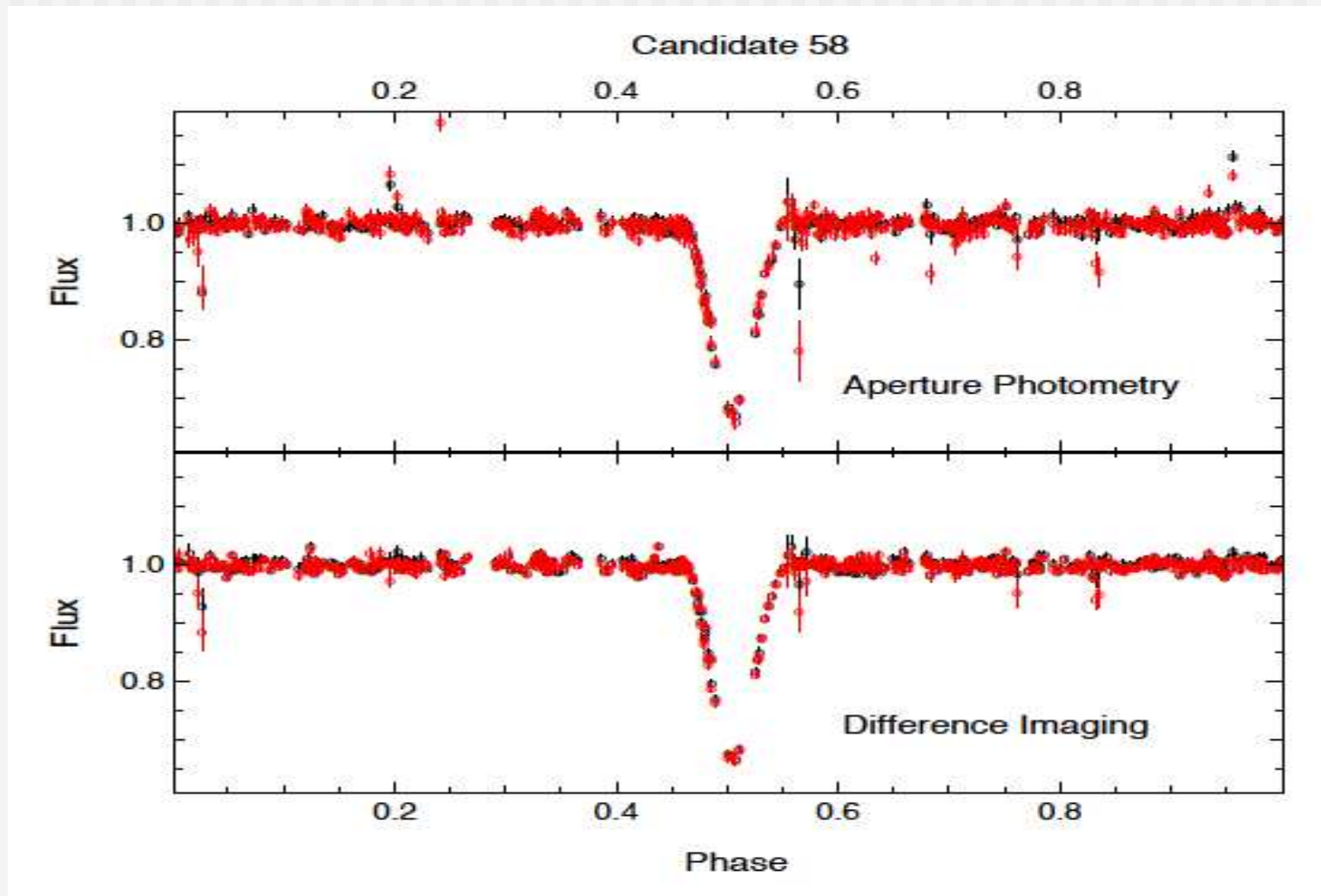
$\text{RMS}_{\text{Diff}} - \text{RMS}_{\text{Phot}}$ vs. Magnitude(sysrem)



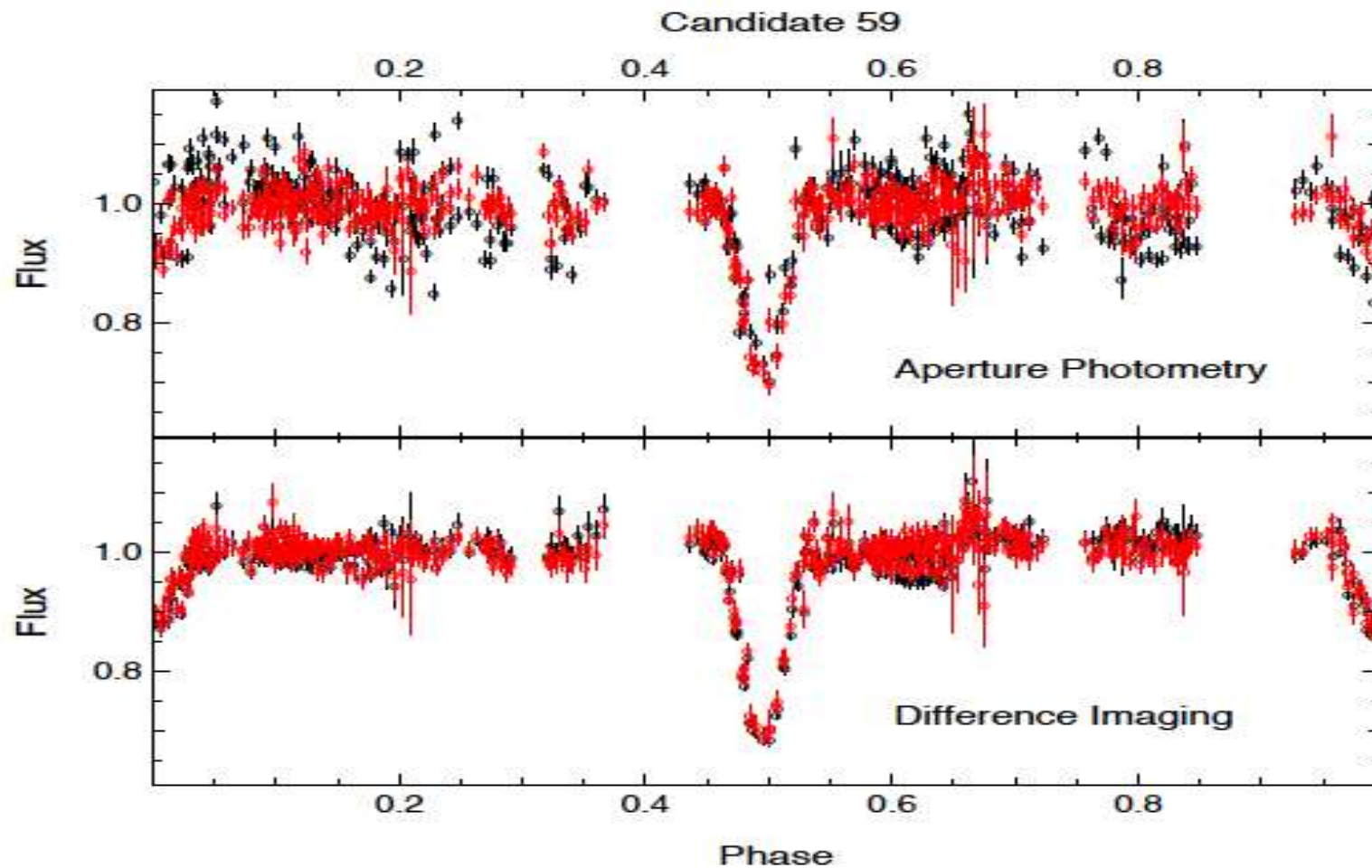
Final results for the improvements of Difference Imaging analysis



Bright stars ($J_{\text{mag}} = 15.429$)



Faint Stars ($J_{\text{mag}} = 16.505$)



Conclusions

- Aperture photometry continues to be better for bright stars.
- However, we achieved a significant improvement of difference imaging, producing higher quality light curves for stars with $J_{\text{mag}} > \sim 16$.
- As I mentioned at the last RoPACS meeting, difference imaging could be very successful to study variable stars and transits around faint stars ($J_{\text{mag}} > 16$).

Ongoing and future work

- I am currently working in the extraction and fitting of light curves by difference imaging analysis of the whole 19hrs field in order to create a candidate list based on DI.
- We are planning for the next months to carry out the same analysis for the 3, 7 & 17hrs fields.

Additional activities:



Astrobiology Graduate
Conference 2010 (14-18 June
2010)

Observing training time in
Tenerife (August 2010)

